

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

In the claims

*Sub B2*  
*Q2*

Claim 1 (currently amended): A method for reading and decoding data from an optical medium, comprising:

- reading channel bits from the optical medium;
- removing sync codes from the channel bits to derive a plurality of ESM (eight to sixteen modulation)-encoded words;
- decoding the ESM-encoded words ~~by an ESM decoder~~ to generate a plurality of recording frames;
- rearranging the recording frames to generate an ECC block;
- removing parity bytes from the ECC block to generate a plurality of scrambled data frames;
- descrambling the scrambled data frames to generate a plurality of encoded data frames;
- inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate a plurality of data frames; and
- extracting main data from the plurality of data frames.

Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate the data frames comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a sector number of each encoded data frame.

Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate the data frames comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a sector information field of each encoded data frame.

Claim 4 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate the data frames comprises inverting at least one selected ~~bit of an bit of a~~ ID Error Detection Code field of each encoded data frame.

Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate the data frames comprises inverting at least one selected bit of an Error Detection Code field of each encoded data frame.

A2  
B2  
Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein inverting at least one selected bit of each encoded data frame to generate the data frames comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a data field of each encoded data frame.

Claim 7 (original): The method of claim 1, further comprising performing error checking and correction on the ECC block using the parity bytes prior to descrambling the scrambled data frames.

Claim 8 (currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein reading the channel bits from the optical medium comprises:

deriving NRZI-encoded pulses from the optical medium; and

decoding the NRZI-encoded pulses by an NRZI decoder to generate the channel bits.

Claim 9 (currently amended): A method for recording data on an optical medium, comprising:

receiving main data ~~from a data source~~;

determining a plurality of data frame values in response to the main data;

inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values to generate a plurality of encoded data frames;

scrambling the encoded data frames by a feedback shift register to generate scrambled data frames;

generating ECC values in response to the scrambled data frames;  
adding the ECC values to the scrambled data frames to generate an ECC block;  
rearranging the ECC block to generate a plurality of recording frames;  
encoding the recording frames by an eight-to-sixteen modulation (~~ESM~~) encoder to generate code words;  
adding sync values to the code words to generate a plurality of physical sectors; and  
recording the physical sectors on the optical medium.

Claim 10 (currently amended): The method of claim 9, further comprising NRZI encoding the physical sectors by an ~~NRZI~~ encoder prior to recording the physical sectors on the optical medium.

Claim 11 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a sector number value.

Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values comprising inverting at least one selected bit of a sector information field.

Claim 13 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a ID Error Detection Code field.

Claim 14 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values comprises inverting at least one selected bit of an Error Detection Code field.

Claim 15 (original): The method of claim 9, wherein inverting at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frame values comprises inverting at least one selected bit of a data field.

Claim 16 (new): The method of claim 1, where prior to the inverting, the data has an incorrect or invalid value according to a predetermined ECMA standard.

Claim 17 (new): The method of claim 9, wherein the recorded physical sectors have an incorrect or invalid value according to a predetermined ECMA standard.

Claim 18 (new): An optical medium on which is recorded information comprising:

an identification field;

an identification error detection field;

a main data field; and

an error detection code field;

wherein the fields are in a data frame, and at least one selected bit in the data frame is inverted so as to have an incorrect or invalid value according to a predetermined ECMA standard.

Claim 19 (new): A system for recording data on an optical medium, comprising:

an input terminal for receiving main data;

a framer having an input terminal coupled to the input terminal;

a data frame encoding system having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the data framer and adapted to invert at least one selected bit in at least one of the data frames received from the framer;

a scrambler having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the encoding system;

an error correction code generator having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the scrambler;

an error correction code encoding system having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the error correction code generator;

a recording frame generator having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the error correction code encoding system;

an ESM (eight-to-sixteen modulation) encoder having its input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the recording frame generator;

a physical sector generator having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the ESM encoder; and

a write head coupled to an output terminal of the physical sector generator, thereby to record on the optical medium.

Claim 20 (new): A drive for reading and decoding data from an optical medium, comprising:

a read head adapted to read data from the optical medium;

a physical sector reader coupled to the read head;

an ESM (eight-to-sixteen modulation) encoder coupled to an output terminal of the physical sector recorder;

a recording frame reader having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the ESM encoder;

B<sup>2</sup>  
a decoding system having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the recording frame reader and adopted to invert at least one selected bit in at least one frame received from the recording frame reader;

an error correction code reader having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the decoding system;

a descrambler having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the error correction code reader; and

a data frame decoder having an input terminal coupled to an output terminal of the descrambler.

---